

Irving Fisher Committee on
Central Bank Statistics



BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

Measures of financial inclusion – a central bank perspective

Bruno TISSOT

Head of Statistics and Research Support, BIS

Head of Secretariat, Irving Fisher Committee on Central Bank Statistics (IFC)

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The views expressed are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of the BIS or the IFC.

Financial inclusion and central banking - Overview

1. Introduction
2. Definitions
3. Central banks' mandates
4. Central banks' objectives
5. Data issues
6. International collaboration



1. Introduction: central banks' interest in financial inclusion

Economic welfare &
development

Monetary & financial
stability

Payments
systems

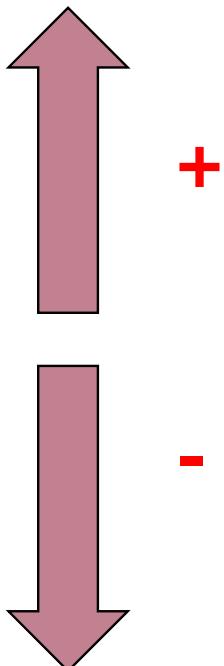
Impact of
financial
inclusion
policies

- Irving Fisher Committee on Central Bank Statistics (IFC) 2015 survey of member central banks

see: http://www.bis.org/ifc/publ/ifc_finan_inclu.pdf



2. Financial inclusion definitions

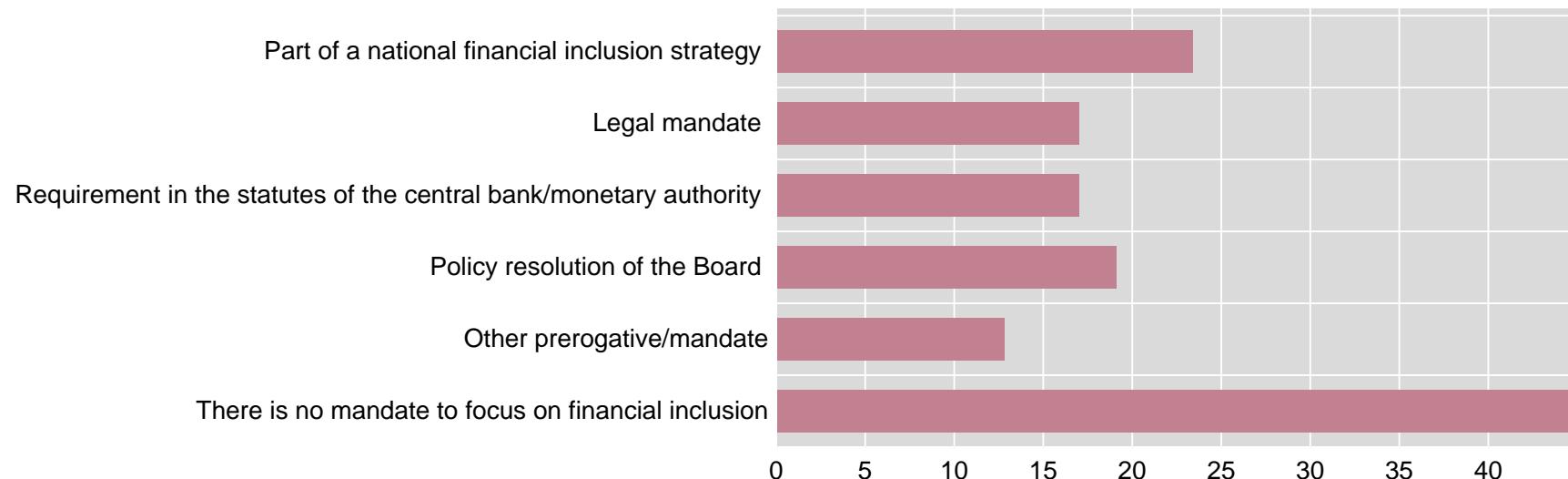
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- Broadly defined as population's access to financial services
 - Main current focus:
 - Supply and demand dimensions
 - Effective use & quality of financial services
 - Lower focus on:
 - Financial literacy
 - SME financing
 - Quality of infrastructure (legal, financial, telecom etc.)



3. Half of central banks have no financial inclusion mandate

What type of mandate does your institution have to focus on financial inclusion?

Several answers possible



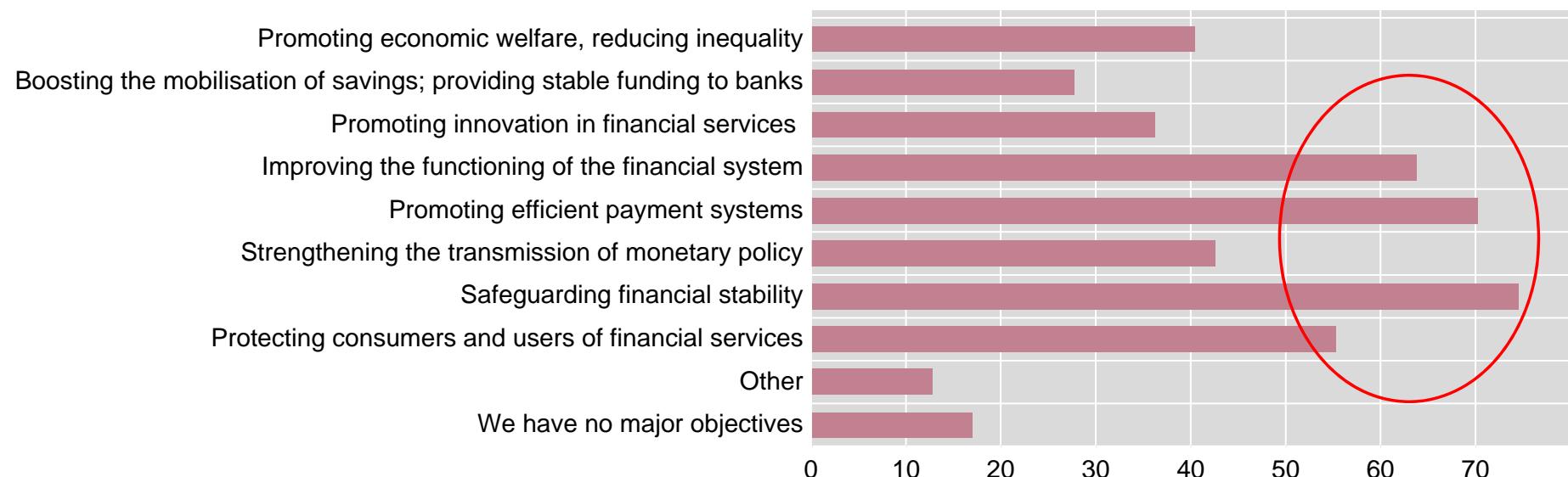
Source: IFC survey on financial inclusion, 2015.



4. Most CBs have objectives related to financial inclusion

Major central bank objectives relating to financial inclusion

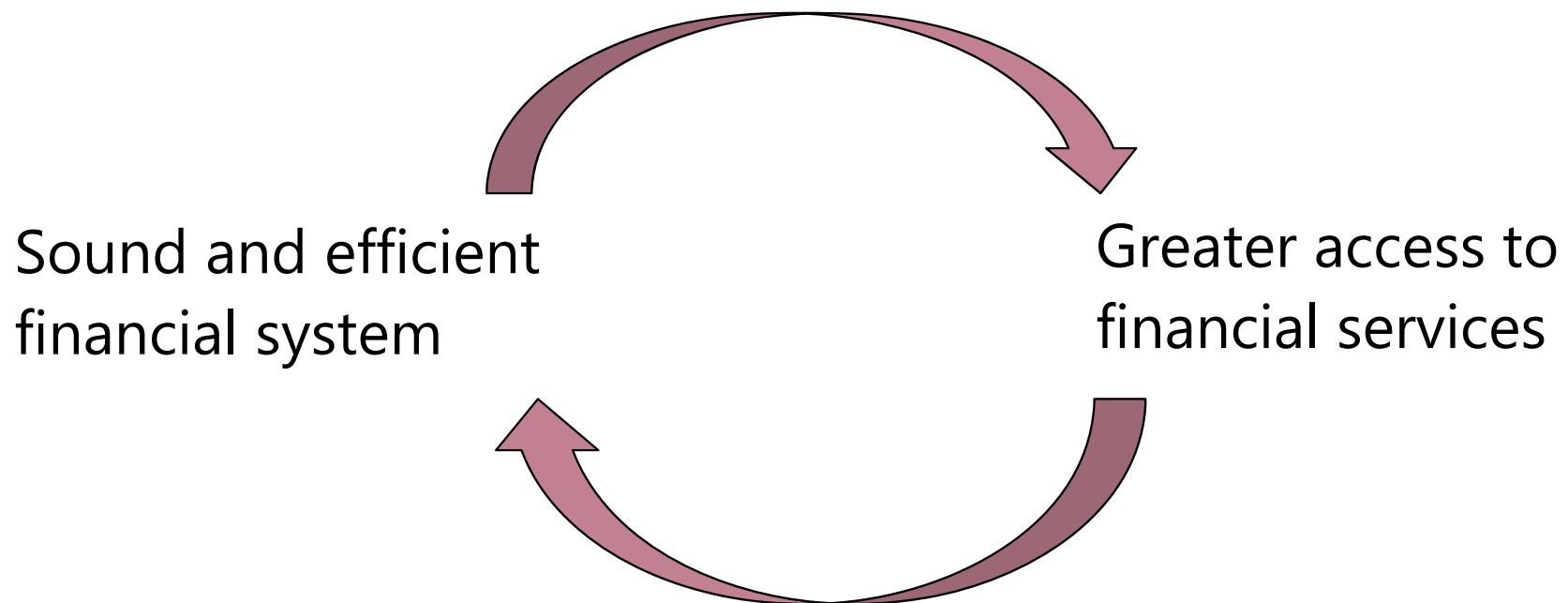
Several answers possible



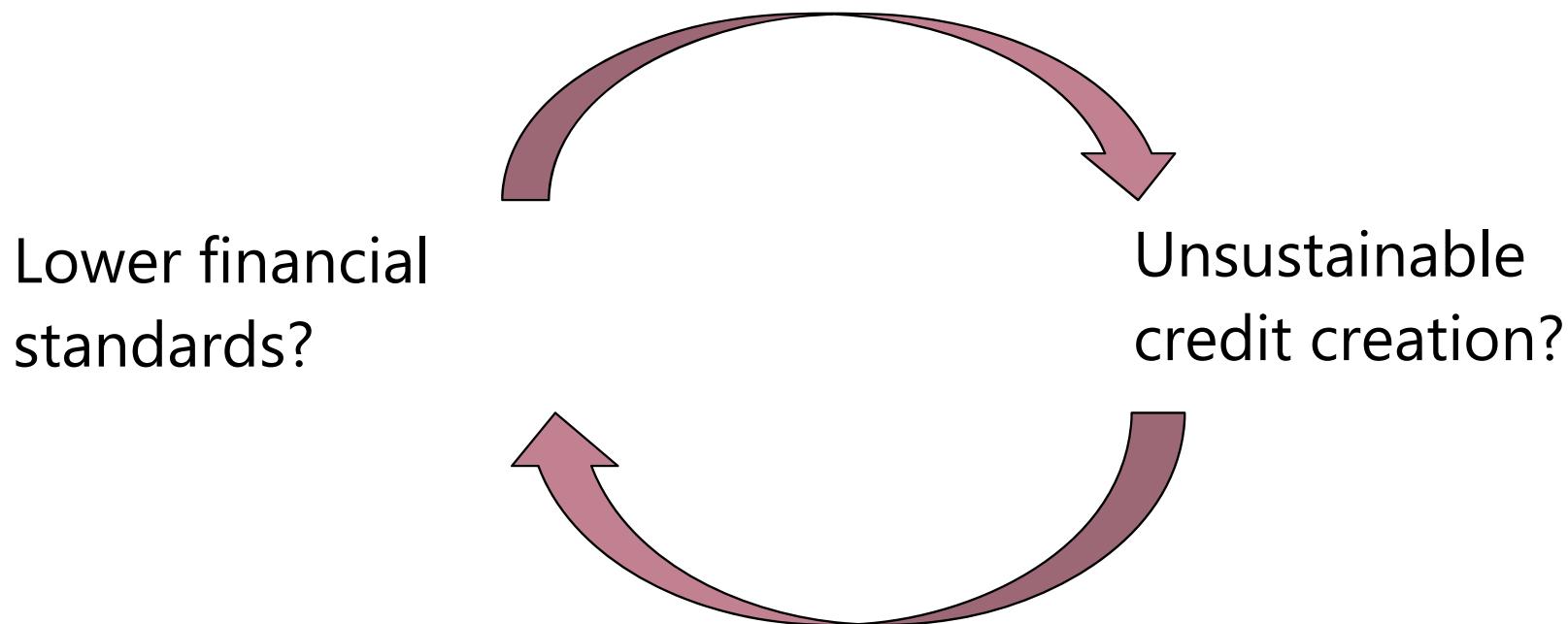
Source: IFC survey on financial inclusion, 2015.



4. (cont'd) Financial inclusion and stability : virtual cycle



4. (cont'd)... versus financial stability dilemma



Data issues

- Central Banks are often primarily responsible for data collections
- Main gaps:
 - Quality of financial services
 - Selected supply-side indicators (eg non-bank providers)
 - Assessing policy implementation
- Synthetic indicator versus dashboard?



International collaboration

- Clear benefits:
 - Benchmarking
 - Best practices
 - Data-sharing
- Yet definitions and measures not fully harmonised...
... not least because of the need to capture local characteristics



Conclusion – IFC Report recommendations

1. No standard **definition** of financial inclusion
2. Importance of **central bank** contributions
3. Need for **coordination** of financial inclusion policies
4. **Data gaps** remain (access, usage, quality, SME financing, policy implementation)
5. Benefits of cross-country **cooperation**
6. Scope for international **data-sharing**



Thank you!!



Questions?

bruno.tissot@bis.org

IFC.secretariat@bis.org

IFC Report on "Measures of financial inclusion – a central bank perspective" (2016)

