



Risk Spillovers of Financial Institutions

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The views expressed in this paper are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the Federal Reserve System

Motivation

- “Risk spillovers” across financial institutions
 - Hedge funds, dealers, commercial banks, insurance companies
 - Hedge fund strategies
- Why do risk spillovers matter?
 - Financial stability Central banks
 - Counterparty credit risk management Dealers and banks
 - Portfolio management Fund-of-Funds
- Risk spillovers in crisis:
 - Asian financial crisis, LTCM crisis, Bear Stearns crisis

[Measuring Risk Spillovers]

- Our proposal: **CoVaR**
- VaR conditional that others are in distress
- CoVaR is based on quantile regressions
 - Focus on tails
 - Data efficient
 - Simple

[Overview]

1. Quantile regressions – refresher
2. Spillover risk – CoVaR
3. Offloading spillover risk with factors
4. Incentives to offload
5. Robustness
6. Related Literature

Quantile Regressions – A Refresher

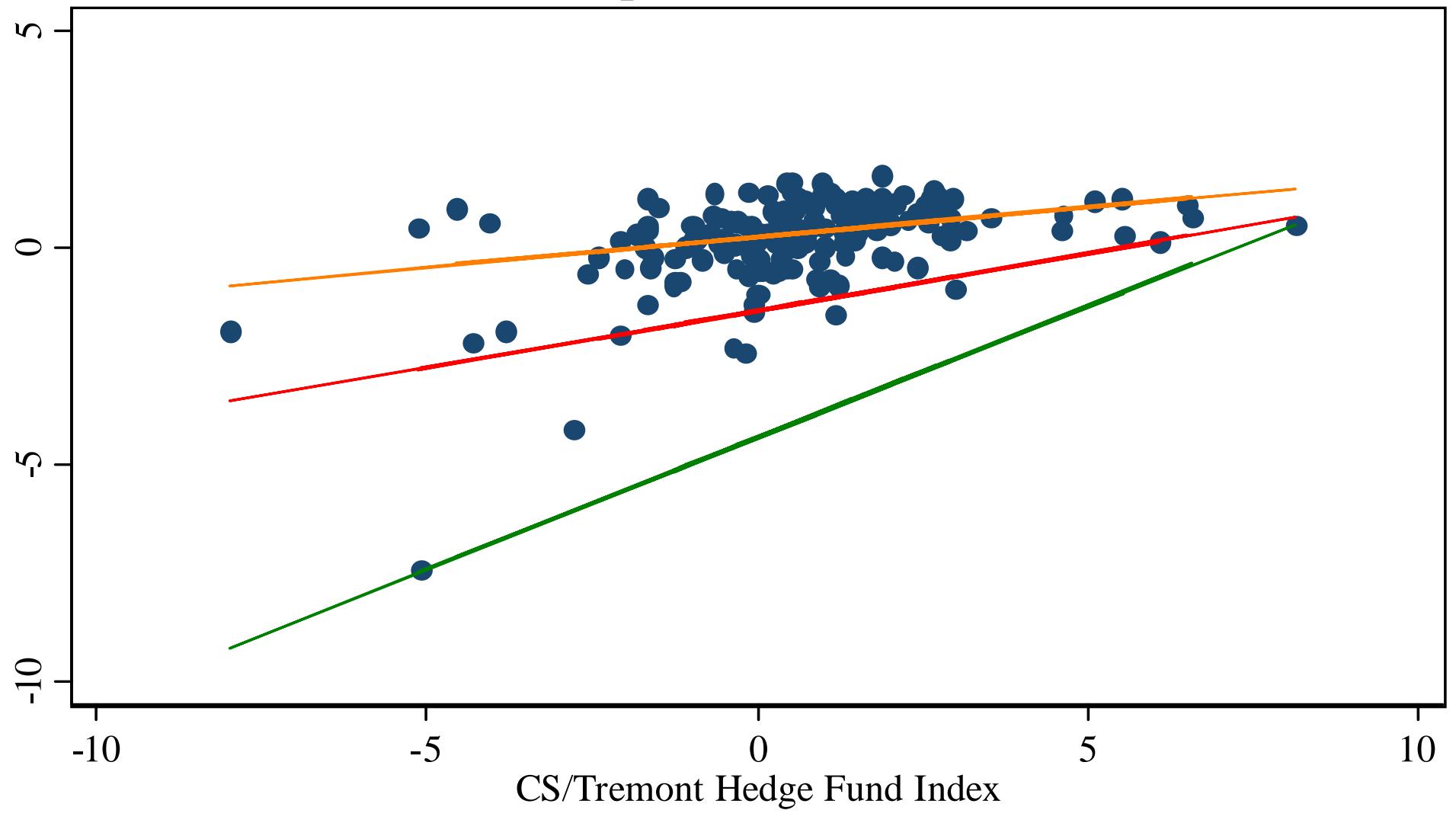
- OLS regression: min sum of squared residuals:

$$\beta^{OLS} = \arg \min_{\beta} \sum_t (y_t - \alpha - \beta x_t)^2$$

- Quantile regression: min weighted absolute values:

$$\beta^q = \arg \min_{\beta} \sum_t \begin{cases} q |y_t - \alpha - \beta x_t| & \text{if } (y_t - \alpha - \beta x_t) \geq 0 \\ (1-q) |y_t - \alpha - \beta x_t| & \text{if } (y_t - \alpha - \beta x_t) < 0 \end{cases}$$

q -Sensitivities



●	Fixed Income Arbitrage	—	50%-Sensitivity
—	5%-Sensitivity	—	1%-Sensitivity

Quantiles and Value-at-Risk

- Quantile regressions give an estimate of the quantile q of y as a linear function of x :

$$\hat{y}_q | x = F_y^{-1}(q | x) = \alpha_q + \beta_q x$$

where $F^{-1}(q|x)$ is the inverse CDF conditional on x .

- So $F^{-1}(q|x) = q\%$ Value-at-Risk conditional on x .

Note our sign convention!

[q-Sensitivity and CoVaR]

- Return R^i depends on return R^j for quantile q :

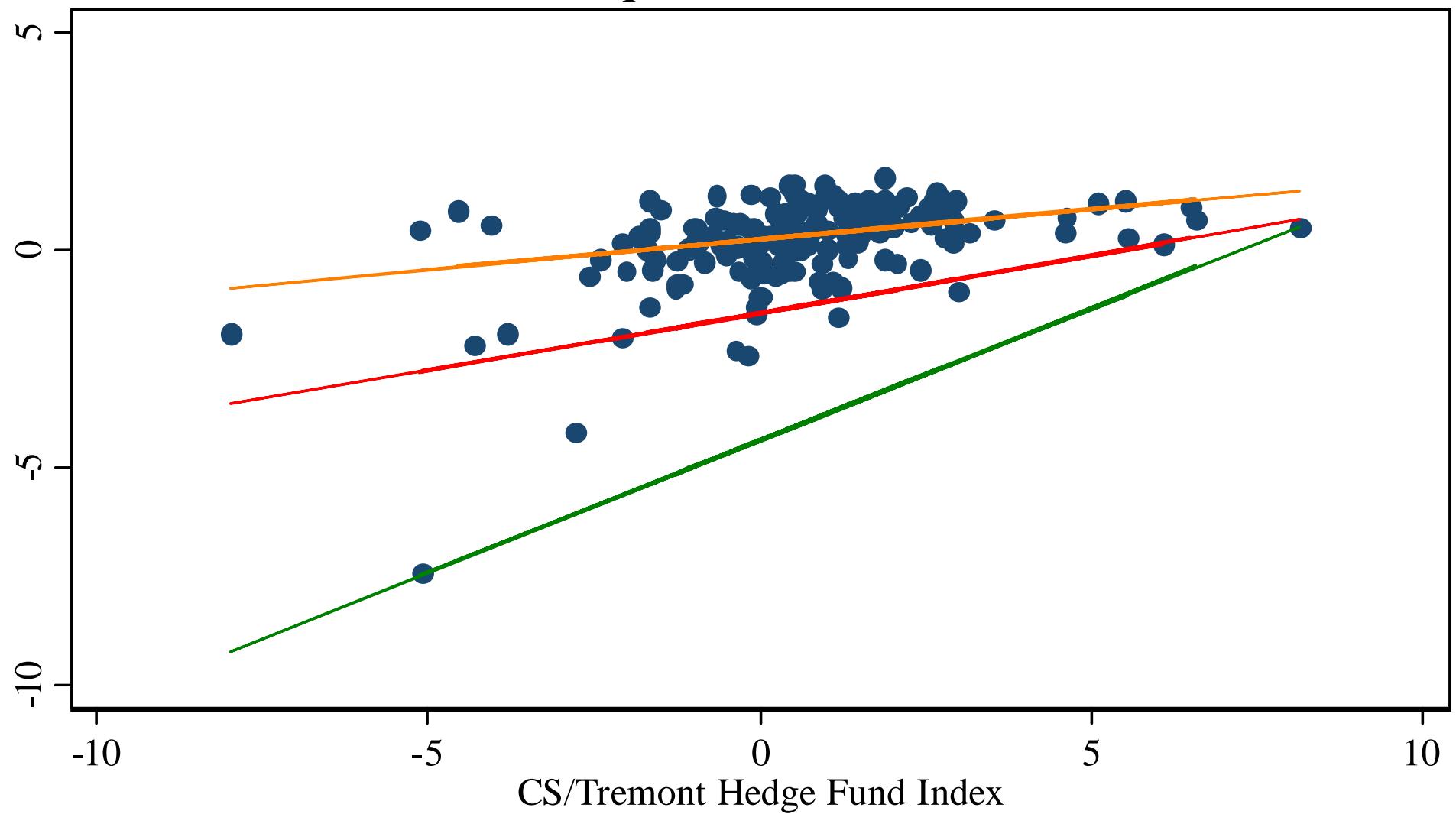
$$\hat{R}_q^i = \hat{\alpha}_q^{ij} + \hat{\beta}_q^{ij} R^j$$

- **Definition:** The *q-sensitivity* is β_q which can be estimated using a quantile regression.
- **Definition:** We denote the *CoVaR^{ij}*, the VaR of style i conditional on the (unconditional) VaR of style j by:

$$CoVaR_q^{ij} = VaR_q^i \mid VaR_q^j = \hat{\alpha}_q^{ij} + \hat{\beta}_q^{ij} VaR^j$$

Co since conditional measure captures contagion/comovement

q -Sensitivities



[Data]

- Credit Swiss/Tremont Hedge Fund Strategies
1994/1-2008/03
- Returns of Investment Banks, Commercial Banks,
and Insurance Companies (from CRSP)

Summary Statistics of Excess Returns

Panel A: Hedge Funds Strategies

	Sharpe	Mean	Std Dev	Skew	Kurt	Min	5%	Obs	Weight Dec-06
Long/Short Equity	0.22	0.63	2.83	0.12	6.89	-11.85	-3.52	171	29%
Event Driven	0.36	0.58	1.61	-3.16	24.84	-12.19	-1.83	171	24%
Global Macro	0.27	0.82	3.00	-0.06	6.20	-11.89	-3.58	171	11%
Multi-Strategy	0.33	0.42	1.26	-1.13	5.65	-5.10	-2.00	171	10%
Emerging Markets	0.12	0.53	4.48	-0.74	8.00	-23.45	-7.31	171	7%
Fixed Income Arbitrage	0.11	0.13	1.16	-3.14	18.19	-7.30	-1.88	171	6%
Equity Market Neutral	0.59	0.46	0.79	0.18	3.66	-1.59	-0.80	171	5%
Managed Futures	0.09	0.30	3.46	0.01	3.11	-9.80	-5.24	171	5%
Convertible Arbitrage	0.23	0.32	1.39	-1.58	7.22	-6.04	-1.86	171	3%
Dedicated Short Bias	-0.06	-0.31	4.83	0.80	4.89	-9.13	-7.48	171	1%

Panel B: Financial Institution Indices

	Sharpe	Mean	Std Dev	Skew	Kurt	Min	5%	Obs
Hedge Fund Index	0.25	0.54	2.15	0.00	5.40	-7.97	-2.61	171
Investment Banks	0.02	0.13	5.29	-0.27	3.25	-16.63	-9.31	168
Commercial Banks	0.15	0.78	5.20	-0.60	5.66	-24.45	-7.46	168
Insurance Companies	0.16	0.76	4.64	0.10	6.49	-16.23	-6.30	168
Market	0.13	0.56	4.17	-0.74	3.97	-16.20	-6.44	172

Result 1a: CoVaRs > VaR

	<u>Unconditional VaR</u>	<u>CoVaR percent increase</u>														
	↓	LSE	ED	GM	MS	EM	FIA	EMN	MF	CA	DSB	IB	CB	IC	M	
Long/Short Equity (LSE)	-7.95	0	31	74	-69	11	209	52	-99	49	-52	37	19	43	31	
Event Driven (ED)	-3.36	192	0	200	-11	113	785	272	-100	263	-110	209	144	238	181	
Global Macro (GM)	-7.48	-2	103	0	44	73	53	-32	1	59	40	-1	-14	-23	-15	
Multi-Strategy (MS)	-3.83	-40	50	21	0	3	95	-5	-46	129	33	6	-30	-62	-47	
Emerging Markets (EM)	-10.47	85	34	146	-79	0	388	129	-72	124	-56	93	64	107	86	
Fixed Income Arbitrage (FIA)	-6.54	40	32	-12	27	34	0	-74	42	12	12	-34	-56	-66	-52	
Equity Market Neutral (EMN)	-1.37	39	56	53	106	-1	7	0	7	3	-3	18	22	38	28	
Managed Futures (MF)	-8.78	-69	-35	59	-77	-22	-70	19	0	-79	12	-60	-18	-18	-19	
Convertible Arbitrage (CA)	-5.06	70	55	23	46	60	110	0	-2	0	-1	-8	-13	-4	0	
Dedicated Short Bias (DSB)	-9.03	-40	-40	-4	-2	-31	-1	-22	11	0	0	-38	1	1	-142	
Investment Banks (IB)	-12.72	20	78	37	-57	29	96	32	-41	31	-15	0	13	25	21	
Commercial Banks (CB)	-11.79	89	30	133	-43	53	346	112	-61	107	-18	79	0	85	76	
Insurance Companies (IC)	-13.57	16	-6	32	-54	-2	93	21	-48	20	-37	12	40	0	7	
Market (M)	-10.76	43	63	71	21	45	172	53	-69	51	-125	38	40	69	0	
HF Average								54%		p-value		0.05				
HF+IB+CB+IC Average								36%		p-value		0.00				

Result 1b:

50%-sensitivities < 5 % sensitivities

	q-Sensitivities	
	50%	5%
HF Strategies	26%	42%
HF+IB+CB+IC	28%	43%

Result 1c:

HF-VaR predicts I-Bank's-VaR

Quantile Granger Causality

1994-2008

	<u>Hedge Funds Forecasting Banks</u>			<u>Banks Forecasting Hedge Funds</u>		
	I-Banks	C-Banks	Insurance	I-Banks	C-Banks	Insurance
Hedge Fund Index	*					

2000-2008

	<u>Hedge Funds Forecasting Banks</u>			<u>Banks Forecasting Hedge Funds</u>		
	I-Banks	C-Banks	Insurance	I-Banks	C-Banks	Insurance
Hedge Fund Index						

1994-2003

	<u>Hedge Funds Forecasting Banks</u>			<u>Banks Forecasting Hedge Funds</u>		
	I-Banks	C-Banks	Insurance	I-Banks	C-Banks	Insurance
Hedge Fund Index	**			*		

Hedge Fund Index

**

*

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6. Related Literature

7-Risk Factor Pricing Model

<u>Factors:</u>	<u>Interpretation:</u>
○ Repo - 3 Month Treasury :	<i>“Flight to Quality”</i>
○ 10 Year - 3 Month Treasury Return:	<i>“Business Cycle”</i>
○ Moody's BAA - 10 Year Treasury Return:	<i>“Credit Indicator”</i>
○ CRSP Market Excess Return:	<i>“Equity Market Risk”</i>
○ VIX Straddle Excess Return:	<i>“Volatility Exposure”</i>
○ Variance Swap Return:	<i>“Variation in Price of Risk”</i>
○ Carry Trade Excess Return:	<i>“FX Risk”</i>

Offloaded Returns

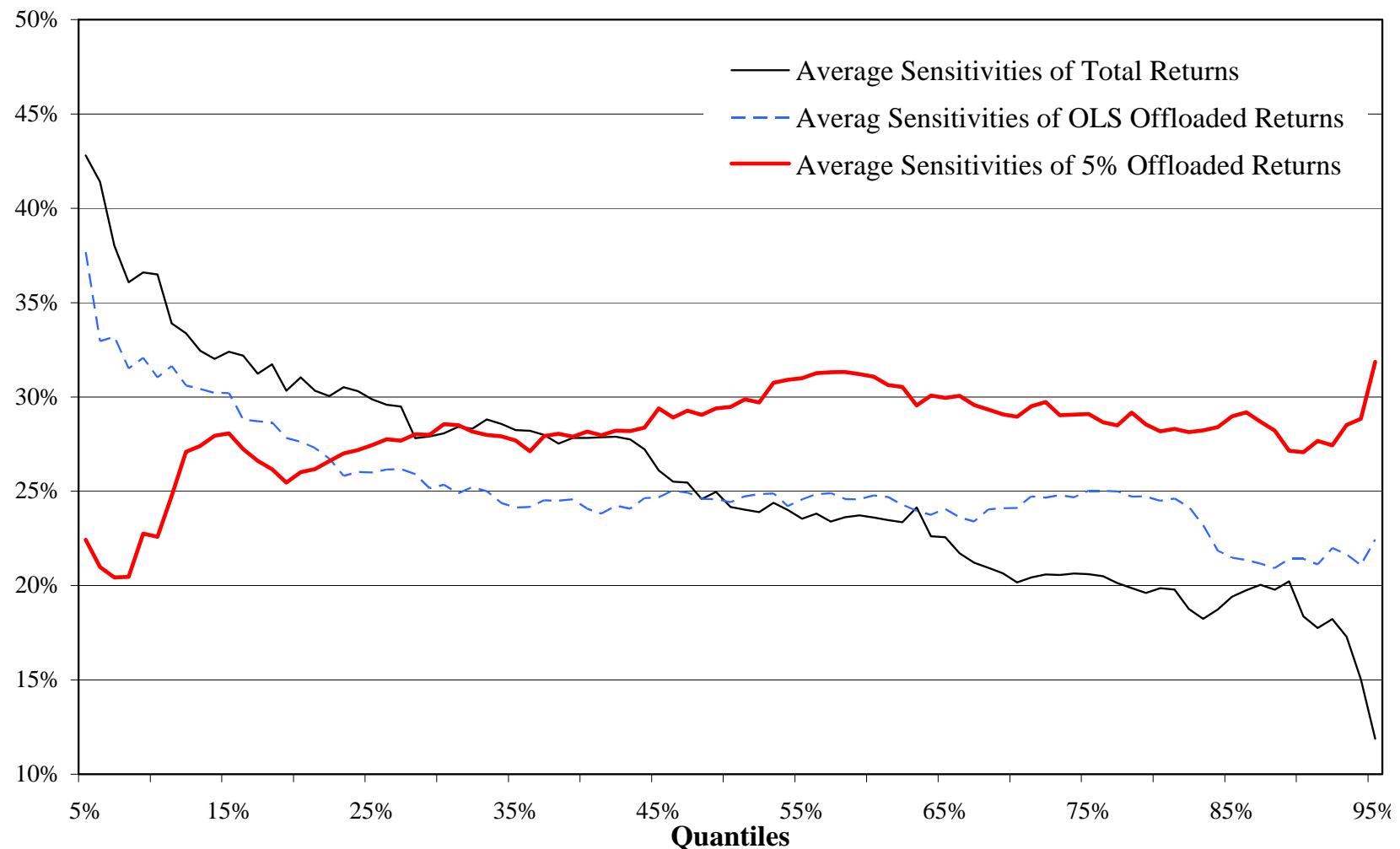
- All factors are excess returns
 - We can offload systematic risk
 - CoVaR and q -dependence of offloaded returns
- Offloaded Return $i = R^i - \beta_q^i X = \alpha_q^i + res_q^i$

[Result 2a: CoVaRs ~ VaRs for 5%-offloaded returns]

	<u>Unconditional VaR</u>	<u>CoVaR percent increase</u>														
	↓	LSE	ED	GM	MS	EM	FIA	EMN	MF	CA	DSB	IB	CB	IC	M	
Long/Short Equity (LSE)	-6.65	0	22	9	51	31	-2	31	-35	50	-74	-18	36	44	1	
Event Driven (ED)	-3.35	61	0	46	89	60	3	1	-53	86	-67	-19	68	74	-14	
Global Macro (GM)	-6.66	10	-9	0	-10	3	-3	1	-4	-9	-8	7	18	11	14	
Multi-Strategy (MS)	-4.34	28	5	14	0	2	-26	12	-12	8	-26	-27	6	8	0	
Emerging Markets (EM)	-10.67	42	48	15	72	0	-99	102	-8	72	-77	-57	57	68	15	
Fixed Income Arbitrage (FIA)	-3.72	-9	64	4	9	-45	0	-38	-65	6	3	-28	-30	-30	-1	
Equity Market Neutral (EMN)	-1.30	28	10	33	-8	-22	-22	0	0	-8	-35	25	22	15	48	
Managed Futures (MF)	-11.21	-14	-6	-1	1	6	-22	5	0	-26	-2	8	-9	-17	2	
Convertible Arbitrage (CA)	-3.35	19	63	-10	14	11	0	3	-36	0	-19	-31	7	10	1	
Dedicated Short Bias (DSB)	-10.28	-55	-8	9	12	-22	8	-18	-5	9	0	-11	-20	-27	-67	
Investment Banks (IB)	-12.29	2	-19	0	-39	-11	-22	-6	23	-21	-23	0	11	2	11	
Commercial Banks (CB)	-18.57	25	16	23	37	23	4	53	-42	35	-53	-20	0	22	23	
Insurance Companies (IC)	-13.69	19	12	40	31	25	5	48	-60	29	-62	-35	19	0	7	
Market (M)	-17.74	13	-46	11	8	6	-14	6	1	-14	-56	24	-43	-43	0	
HF Average								0.03		p-value		0.28				
HF+IB+CB+IC Average									0.03	p-value		0.57				

[q-Sensitivities: Total and Offloaded Returns]

Figure 2: Average q-Sensitivities by Quantiles



Incentives to hold Tail Risk

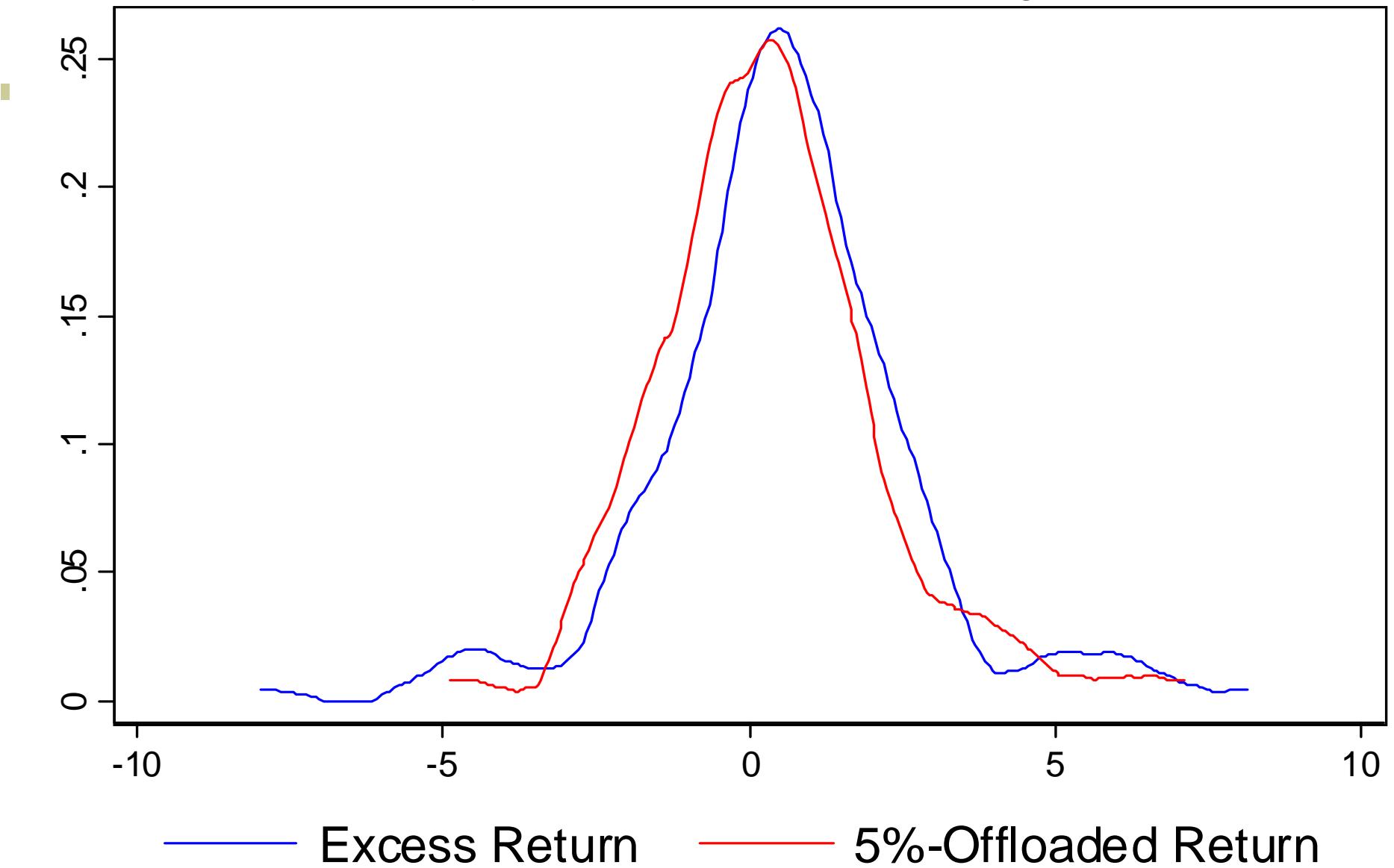
- Standard HF compensation (2 and 20)
 - 20 % of profit (return, **not** alpha)
 - 2 % from assets under management
- Tail risk offloading lowers returns
 - HF Sharpe ratio declines from 0.27 to -0.06
- Capital flows do not react to tail risk
 - React mostly to past returns, Sharpe ratio
 - **Not** much to alpha or information-ratio

Average OLS Alphas: Offloaded Returns

Excess Returns		5%-Offloaded Returns	
CAPM alpha	7-Factor alpha	CAPM alpha	7-Factor alpha
0.40 ***	0.04	-0.15 **	0.04

- Offloading is alpha neutral with respect to 7-Factor model
- CAPM alpha becomes negative

Kernel Density of the CS/Tremont Hedge Fund Index



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Robustness Analysis

- Alternative measure of sensitivities:
GARCH variances
- Alternative measure of tail risk:
Expected Shortfall
- Other hedge fund indices:
HFR

Expected Shortfall

- ES Measures the average return below the Value-at-Risk
- The main result holds for Expected Shortfall

Excess Returns	Unconditional Expected Shortfall	Co-Expected Shortfall
		Percent Increase
HF Average	-4.19	38.53
HF+IB+CB+IC Average	-9.68	23.49

ES offloaded risk factors

HF Average	-3.88	6.26
HF+IB+CB+IC Average	-6.24	-0.49

[Summary]

- Institutions have incentives to hold tail risk
 - Holding tail risk increases returns
- There is spillover of tail risk among hedge funds **and** between hedge funds and banks (contemporaneous and lagged)
- The increase in CoVaR relative to VaR can be offloaded with **liquid, tradable** risk factors

Related Literature

- **Dependence / contagion:**
Boyson, Stahel, Stulz (2006), Chan, Getmansky, Haas, Lo (2006), Patton (2007), Adrian (2007)
- **Hedge fund tail risk:**
Asness, Krail, Liew (2001), Agarwal & Naik (2004), Bali, Gokcan, Liang (2007), Liang & Park (2007), Bondarenko (2004)
- **Pricing factors:**
Fung and Hsieh (2001, 2002, 2003), Hasanhodzic & Lo (2007)
- **Finance applications of quantile regressions:**
Bassett and Chen (2001), Chernozhukov and Umantsev (2001)

[Other Indices and Pricing Factors]

- The main results go through with alternative hedge fund indices (HFR)
- The key risk factors for tail risk is the Repo – Treasury spread, and the Volatiliy Swap.

[Result 2b: Factors explain Increase in q-Sensitivities]

50%-q-Sensitivities

HF Average Exposures	32%
HF Average Value Weighted	42%
IB+CB+IC Average Exposures	42%

5%-q-Sensitivities, excess returns

HF Average Exposures	53%
HF Average Value Weighted	66%
IB+CB+IC Average Exposures	70%

5%-q-Sensitivities, OLS Risk Factor Offloaded

HF Average Exposures	34%
HF Average Value Weighted	36%
IB+CB+IC Average Exposures	25%

5%-q-Sensitivities, 5%-Quantile Risk Factor Offloaded

HF Average Exposures	20%
HF Average Value Weighted	26%
IB+CB+IC Average Exposures	14%

Result 3a:

Hedging Tail Risk Lowers Returns

	Excess Returns						5%-Risk Factor Offloaded Returns					
	Sharpe	Mean	SD	Skew	Kurt	5%	Sharpe	Mean	SD	Skew	Kurt	5%
Long/Short Equity	0.22	0.63	2.83	0.12	6.89	-3.52	-0.24	-0.46	1.93	1.14	7.06	-3.30
Event Driven	0.36	0.58	1.61	-3.16	24.84	-1.83	-0.08	-0.10	1.34	0.26	2.77	-2.03
Global Macro	0.27	0.82	3.00	-0.06	6.20	-3.58	-0.05	-0.18	3.29	0.71	3.56	-4.23
Multi-Strategy	0.33	0.42	1.26	-1.13	5.65	-2.00	0.31	0.44	1.44	-0.27	3.42	-1.95
Emerging Markets	0.12	0.53	4.48	-0.74	8.00	-7.31	0.32	1.27	3.94	0.01	3.54	-4.40
Fixed Income Arbitrage	0.11	0.13	1.16	-3.14	18.19	-1.88	-0.16	-0.21	1.34	0.30	3.38	-2.30
Equity Market Neutral	0.59	0.46	0.79	0.18	3.66	-0.80	0.15	0.13	0.89	0.74	3.75	-1.14
Managed Futures	0.09	0.30	3.46	0.01	3.11	-5.24	-0.56	-2.15	3.88	0.62	3.80	-7.61
Convertible Arbitrage	0.23	0.32	1.39	-1.58	7.22	-1.86	0.18	0.28	1.57	0.37	3.67	-2.23
Dedicated Short Bias	-0.06	-0.31	4.83	0.80	4.89	-7.48	0.09	0.25	2.85	0.30	2.60	-4.04
Weighted average	0.27	0.54					-0.06	-0.15				

Result 3b:

Flows do Not React to Tail Risk

	Lagged	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(iv)	(vi)	(vii)	(viii)	(ix)	(x)
Monthly Return	coeff.	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04
	p-value	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***
Annual Return	coeff.	0.07	0.06	0.06			0.07	0.06		0.06	0.06
	p-value	0.00***	0.00***	0.00***			0.00***	0.00***		0.00***	0.00***
Alpha	coeff.	0.00						0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	p-value	0.73						0.55	0.60	0.64	
Sharpe Ratio	coeff.	-0.02				0.06	-0.02	-0.01			
	p-value	0.66				0.02**	0.64	0.68			
Standard Deviation	coeff.	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00			0.00
	p-value	0.87	0.76	0.76				0.81			0.82
6-factor VaR	coeff.	0.00		0.00	0.00			0.00			0.00
	p-value	0.43		0.42	0.45			0.43			0.42