

Comments on

“How Accurate are Value-at-Risk Models at Commercial Banks?”

by Berkowitz and O’Brien

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European Central Bank

Answer: very inaccurate!

Two main concerns:

- 1) Estimates are too conservative
- 2) Exceptions tend to cluster over time

1) Conservative Estimates

Problems

- Effects on competitiveness
- Implicit penalty on firms with inaccurate risk management systems

1) Conservative Estimates (cont.d)

Causes

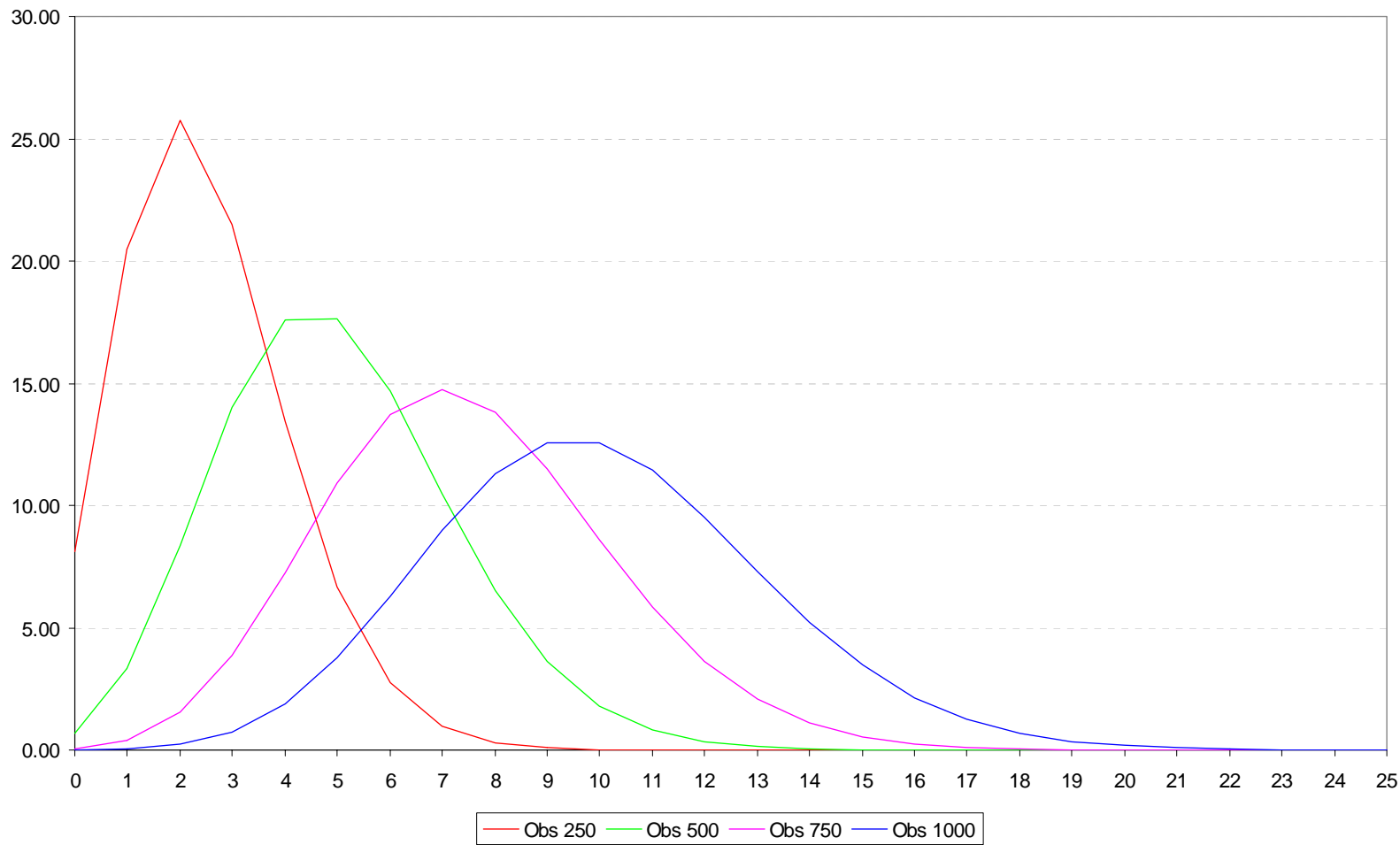
The authors mention three main reasons:

- 1) Presence of net fee income
- 2) Aggregation under zero-correlation assumption
- 3) Large structural models difficult to estimate

Add a fourth:

- 4) Asymmetric penalties imposed by the Supervisor

		250				500				750				1000		
Exceptions	f(x)	F(x)	1-F(x)		f(x)	F(x)	1-F(x)		f(x)	F(x)	1-F(x)		f(x)	F(x)	1-F(x)	
0	8.11	8.11	91.89		0.66	0.66	99.34		0.05	0.05	99.95		0.00	0.00	100.00	
1	20.47	28.58	71.42		3.32	3.98	96.02		0.40	0.46	99.54		0.04	0.04	99.96	
2	25.74	54.32	45.68		8.36	12.34	87.66		1.53	1.98	98.02		0.22	0.22	99.78	
3	21.49	75.81	24.19		14.02	26.36	73.64		3.84	5.83	94.17		0.74	0.74	99.26	
4	13.41	89.22	10.78		17.60	43.96	56.04		7.25	13.08	86.92		1.86	1.86	98.14	
5	6.66	95.88	4.12		17.64	61.60	38.40		10.93	24.01	75.99		3.75	3.75	96.25	
6	2.75	98.63	1.37		14.70	76.29	23.71		13.71	37.71	62.29		6.27	6.27	93.73	
7	0.97	99.60	0.40		10.48	86.77	13.23		14.71	52.43	47.57		9.00	9.00	91.00	
8	0.30	99.89	0.11		6.52	93.29	6.71		13.80	66.23	33.77		11.28	11.28	88.72	
9	0.08	99.97	0.03		3.60	96.89	3.11		11.50	77.73	22.27		12.56	12.56	87.44	
10	0.02	99.99	0.01		1.79	98.68	1.32		8.60	86.33	13.67		12.57	12.57	87.43	
11	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.80	99.48	0.52		5.85	92.18	7.82		11.43	11.43	88.57	
12	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.33	99.81	0.19		3.64	95.82	4.18		9.52	9.52	90.48	
13	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.13	99.94	0.06		2.09	97.90	2.10		7.31	7.31	92.69	
14	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.04	99.98	0.02		1.11	99.01	0.99		5.20	5.20	94.80	
15	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.01	99.99	0.01		0.55	99.56	0.44		3.45	3.45	96.55	
16	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.26	99.82	0.18		2.15	2.15	97.85	
17	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.11	99.93	0.07		1.26	1.26	98.74	
18	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.05	99.97	0.03		0.69	0.69	99.31	
19	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.02	99.99	0.01		0.36	0.36	99.64	
20	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.01	100.00	0.00		0.18	0.18	99.82	
21	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.08	0.08	99.92	
22	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.04	0.04	99.96	
23	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.02	0.02	99.98	
24	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.01	0.01	99.99	
25	0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	100.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	100.00	



2) Clustering of Exception

Problem

many exceptions clustered together can affect the soundness of a financial institution

Causes

- bank VaR models do not adapt quickly to changes in volatility

- Supervisor backtest has *zero power* against this kind of misspecification

Conclusions

Increase the power of the backtest by:

- 1) Increasing the number of observations (e.g., 2 or 3 years)
- 2) Adopt a test that guarantees a conditional coverage and base performance assessment on p-values